

Notes 7.1 Solving Systems of Linear Equations  
With Matrices

Solve systems of equations using:

- What are the dimensions of a matrix?
- Change linear systems into augmented matrices.
- Solve a system using Gaussian Elimination.
- 

7-14 ▢ A matrix is given.

- (a) Determine whether the matrix is in row-echelon form.
- (b) Determine whether the matrix is in reduced row-echelon form.
- (c) Write the system of equations for which the given matrix is the augmented matrix.

8. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

10. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

15-24 ▢ The system of linear equations has a unique solution. Find the solution using Gaussian elimination or Gauss-Jordan elimination.

17. 
$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x - 3y + 2z = 4 \\ 4x + y - 3z = 1 \end{cases}$$

18. 
$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 4 \\ -x + 2y + 3z = 17 \\ 2x - y = -7 \end{cases}$$

$$27. \begin{cases} 2x - 3y - 9z = -5 \\ x + 3z = 2 \\ -3x + y - 4z = -3 \end{cases}$$

$$29. \begin{cases} x - y + 3z = 3 \\ 4x - 8y + 32z = 24 \\ 2x - 3y + 11z = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & -8 & 32 & 24 \\ 2 & -3 & 11 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$35. \begin{cases} 4x - 3y + z = -8 \\ -2x + y - 3z = -4 \\ x - y + 2z = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$42. \begin{cases} x - 3y + 2z + w = -2 \\ x - 2y - 2w = -10 \\ z + 5w = 15 \\ 3x + 2z + w = -3 \end{cases}$$

Solve systems of equations using:

- ▲ Solve a system using Gaussian elimination.
- ▲ Change linear systems into augmented matrices.
- ▲ What are the dimensions of a matrix?

7-14 • A matrix is given.

- (a) Determine whether the matrix is in row-echelon form.
- (b) Determine whether the matrix is in reduced row-echelon form.
- (c) Write the system of equations for which the given matrix is the augmented matrix.

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

13-24 • The system of linear equations has a unique solution. Find the solution using Gaussian elimination or Gauss-Jordan elimination.

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x + y + 2z = 4 \\ 4x + y + 3z = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 4 \\ -x + 2y + 3z = 17 \\ 2x - y = -1 \end{cases}$$

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**Solve systems of equations using:**

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7-14 ▣ A matrix is given.

- (a) Determine whether the matrix is in row-echelon form.
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8.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$     yes  
no  
 $x + 3y = -3$   
 $y = 5$

10.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -7 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$     yes  
no  
 $x - 7z = 0$   
 $y + 3z = 0$   
 $0 = 1$

15-24 ▣ The system of linear equations has a unique solution. Find the solution using Gaussian elimination or Gauss-Jordan elimination.

17.  $\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x - 3y + 2z = 4 \\ 4x + y - 3z = 1 \end{cases}$      $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & -3 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-4)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \cdot 3 \end{matrix}$

$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{(1, 0, 1)}$

18.  $\begin{cases} x + y + z = 4 \\ -x + 2y + 3z = 17 \\ 2x - y = -7 \end{cases}$      $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 & 17 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 & 17 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 21 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -15 \end{bmatrix}$

$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 21 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 21 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} z = 3 \\ 3y + 4z = 21 \\ 3y + 12 = 21 \\ 3y = 9 \\ y = 3 \end{matrix}$      $\begin{matrix} x + y + z = 4 \\ x + 3 + 3 = 4 \\ x = -2 \end{matrix}$   
 $\boxed{(-2, 3, 3)}$

$$27. \begin{cases} 2x - 3y - 9z = -5 \\ x + 3z = 2 \\ -3x + y - 4z = -3 \end{cases}$$

$$29. \begin{cases} x - y + 3z = 3 \\ 4x - 8y + 32z = 24 \\ 2x - 3y + 11z = 4 \end{cases} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & -8 & 32 & 24 \\ 2 & -3 & 11 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} (-2) \\ \\ \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & -8 & 32 & 24 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ (-4) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & -4 & 20 & 12 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \div 4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$0 \neq -5$   
no solution

$$35. \begin{cases} 4x - 3y + z = -8 \\ -2x + y - 3z = -4 \\ x - y + 2z = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$42. \begin{cases} x - 3y + 2z + w = -2 \\ x - 2y - 2w = -10 \\ z + 5w = 15 \\ 3x + 2z + w = -3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} (-3) \\ \\ \\ (-1) \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & -2 & -10 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 15 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 15 \\ 0 & 9 & -4 & -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ (-9) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 14 & 29 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ (-14) \\ \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -45 & -135 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} -45z = -135 \\ \boxed{z = 3} \\ y + 5z = 15 \\ y + 15 = 15 \\ \boxed{y = 0} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x - 2y - 3z = 8 \\ x - 9 = -8 \\ \boxed{x = 1} \\ w - 3x + 2y + z = -2 \\ w - 3 + 3 = -2 \\ \boxed{w = -2} \end{matrix}$$